

Contents

Preface	vii
Introduction	1
I Numbers and Functions, Sequences and Limits	5
1 Mathematical Modeling	7
1.1 The Dinner Soup Model	8
1.2 The Muddy Yard Model	10
1.3 Mathematical Modeling	11
2 Natural Numbers Just Aren't Enough	15
2.1 The Natural Numbers	15
2.2 Infinity or Is There a Largest Natural Number?	18
2.3 A Controversy About the Set of Natural Numbers	19
2.4 Subtraction and the Integers	21
2.5 Division and the Rational Numbers	23
2.6 Distance and the Absolute Value	24
2.7 Computer Representation of Integers	25
3 Infinity and Mathematical Induction	29
3.1 The Need for Induction	29
3.2 The Principle of Mathematical Induction	31

3.3	Using Induction	32
3.4	A Model of an Insect Population	33
4	Rational Numbers	37
4.1	Operating with Rational Numbers	38
4.2	Decimal Expansions of Rational Numbers	40
4.3	The Set of Rational Numbers	45
4.4	The Verhulst Model of Populations	45
4.5	A Model of Chemical Equilibrium	46
4.6	The Rational Number Line	47
5	Functions	51
5.1	Functions	51
5.2	Functions and Sets	53
5.3	Graphing Functions of Integers	55
5.4	Graphing Functions of Rational Numbers	58
6	Polynomials	61
6.1	Polynomials	61
6.2	The Σ Notation for Sums	62
6.3	Arithmetic with Polynomials	63
6.4	Equality of Polynomials	67
6.5	Graphs of Polynomials	68
6.6	Piecewise Polynomial Functions	68
7	Functions, Functions, and More Functions	73
7.1	Linear Combinations of Functions	73
7.2	Multiplication and Division of Functions	76
7.3	Rational Functions	78
7.4	Composition of Functions	79
8	Lipschitz Continuity	83
8.1	Continuous Behavior and Linear Functions	83
8.2	The Definition of Lipschitz Continuity	85
8.3	Bounded Sets of Numbers	88
8.4	Monomials	89
8.5	Linear Combinations of Functions	92
8.6	Bounded Functions	93
8.7	Products and Quotients of Functions	94
8.8	The Composition of Functions	96
9	Sequences and Limits	99
9.1	The First Encounter with Sequences and Limits	99
9.2	The Mathematical Definition of a Limit	101
9.3	Some Background on the Definition of a Limit	106

9.4 Divergent Sequences	107
9.5 Infinite Series	108
9.6 Limits Are Unique	110
9.7 Arithmetic with Sequences	111
9.8 Functions and Sequences	113
9.9 Sequences with Rational Elements	116
9.10 Calculus and Computing Limits	117
9.11 Computer Representation of Rational Numbers	118
10 Solving the Muddy Yard Model	125
10.1 Rational Numbers Just Aren't Enough	125
10.2 Infinite Nonperiodic Decimal Expansions	128
10.3 The Bisection Algorithm for the Muddy Yard Model	129
10.4 The Bisection Algorithm Converges	131
10.5 ... and the Limit Solves the Muddy Yard Model	132
11 Real Numbers	135
11.1 Irrational Numbers	136
11.2 Arithmetic with Irrational Numbers	138
11.3 Inequalities for Irrational Numbers	141
11.4 The Real Numbers	143
11.5 Please Oh Please, Let the Real Numbers Be Enough	143
11.6 Some History of the Real Numbers	148
12 Functions of Real Numbers	153
12.1 Functions of a Real Variable	153
12.2 Extending Functions of Rational Numbers	154
12.3 Graphing Functions of a Real Variable	156
12.4 Limits of a Function of a Real Variable	158
13 The Bisection Algorithm	165
13.1 The Bisection Algorithm for General Root Problems	165
13.2 Solving the Model of Chemical Equilibrium	166
13.3 The Bisection Algorithm Converges	168
13.4 When to Stop the Bisection Algorithm	170
13.5 Power Functions	171
13.6 Computing Roots by the Decasection Algorithm	172
14 Inverse Functions	179
14.1 A Geometric Investigation	179
14.2 An Analytic Investigation	183
15 Fixed Points and Contraction Maps	191
15.1 The Greeting Card Sales Model	192
15.2 The Free Time Model	193

15.3 Fixed Point Problems and Root Problems	194
15.4 Solving the Greeting Card Sales Model	197
15.5 The Fixed Point Iteration	200
15.6 Convergence of the Fixed Point Iteration	201
15.7 Rates of Convergence	206
II Differential and Integral Calculus	215
16 The Linearization of a Function at a Point	217
16.1 The Imprecision of Lipschitz Continuity	217
16.2 Linearization at a Point	221
16.3 A Systematic Approach	224
16.4 Strong Differentiability and Smoothness	228
17 Analyzing the Behavior of a Population Model	231
17.1 A General Population Model	231
17.2 Equilibrium Points and Stability	232
18 Interpretations of the Derivative	237
18.1 A Geometric Picture	237
18.2 Rates of Change	240
18.3 Differentiability and Strong Differentiability	242
19 Differentiability on Intervals	245
19.1 Strong Differentiability on Intervals	245
19.2 Uniform Strong Differentiability	250
19.3 Uniform Strong Differentiability and Smoothness	251
19.4 Closed Intervals and One-Sided Linearization	253
19.5 Differentiability on Intervals	256
20 Useful Properties of the Derivative	259
20.1 Linear Combinations of Functions	259
20.2 Products of Functions	261
20.3 Composition of Functions	263
20.4 Quotients of Functions	265
20.5 Derivatives of Derivatives: Descent into Despair	266
21 The Mean Value Theorem	269
21.1 A Constructive Proof	271
21.2 An Application to Monotonicity	276
22 Derivatives of Inverse Functions	279
22.1 The Lipschitz Continuity of an Inverse Function	279
22.2 The Differentiability of an Inverse Function	281

23 Modeling with Differential Equations	285
23.1 Newton's Law of Motion	286
23.2 Einstein's Law of Motion	288
23.3 Describing Differential Equations	288
23.4 Solutions of Differential Equations	290
23.5 Uniqueness of Solutions	292
23.6 Solving Galileo's Model of a Free-Falling Object	296
24 Antidifferentiation	301
24.1 Antidifferentiation	302
24.2 The Indefinite Integral	302
24.3 Sophisticated Guesswork	303
24.4 The Method of Substitution	305
24.5 The Language of Differentials	307
24.6 The Method of Integration by Parts	309
24.7 Definite Integrals	310
25 Integration	315
25.1 A Simple Case	316
25.2 A First Attempt at Approximation	317
25.3 Approximating the Solution on a Large Interval	318
25.4 Uniform Cauchy Sequences of Functions	323
25.5 Convergence of the Integration Approximation	327
25.6 The Limit Solves the Differential Equation	331
25.7 The Fundamental Theorem of Calculus	333
26 Properties of the Integral	339
26.1 Linearity	339
26.2 Monotonicity	340
26.3 Playing with the Limits	341
26.4 More on Definite and Indefinite Integrals	343
27 Applications of the Integral	345
27.1 Area Under a Curve	346
27.2 Average Value of a Function	351
28 Rocket Propulsion and the Logarithm	355
28.1 A Model of Rocket Propulsion	355
28.2 The Definition and Graph of the Logarithm	358
28.3 Two Important Properties of the Logarithm	359
28.4 Irrational Exponents	361
28.5 Power Functions	362
28.6 Change of Base	363
28.7 Solving the Model of Rocket Propulsion	364
28.8 Derivatives and Integrals Involving the Logarithm	365

29 Constant Relative Rate of Change and the Exponential	369
29.1 Models Involving a Constant Relative Rate of Change	369
29.2 The Exponential Function	371
29.3 Solution of the Model for Constant Relative Rate of Change	374
29.4 More on Integrating Factors	375
29.5 General Exponential Functions	377
29.6 Rates of Growth of the Exponential and Logarithm	379
29.7 Justification of the Continuous Model	380
30 A Mass-Spring System and the Trigonometric Functions	387
30.1 Hooke's Model of a Mass-Spring System	387
30.2 The Smoothness of Trigonometric Functions	389
30.3 Solving the Model for a Mass-Spring System	394
30.4 Inverse Trigonometric Functions	396
31 Fixed Point Iteration and Newton's Method	407
31.1 Linearization and the Fixed Point Iteration	407
31.2 Global Convergence and Local Behavior	408
31.3 High Order Convergence	414
31.4 Newton's Method	417
31.5 Some Interpretations and History of Newton's Method	420
31.6 What Is the Error in an Approximate Root?	422
31.7 Globally Convergent Methods	424
31.8 When Good Derivatives Are Hard to Find	426
31.9 Unanswered Questions	429
Calculus Quagmires	435
III You Want Analysis? We've Got Your Analysis Right Here.	439
32 Notions of Continuity and Differentiability	441
32.1 A General Notion of Continuity	441
32.2 Properties of Continuous Functions	443
32.3 Continuity on an Interval	443
32.4 Differentiability and Strong Differentiability	448
32.5 Weierstrass' Principle and Uniform Continuity	451
32.6 Some Differentiability Equivalences	457
33 Sequences of Functions	463
33.1 Uniform Convergence and Continuity	465

33.2 Uniform Convergence and Differentiability	467
33.3 Uniform Convergence and Integrability	471
33.4 Unanswered Questions	472
34 Relaxing Integration	477
34.1 Continuous Functions	477
34.2 General Meshes	482
34.3 Application to Computing the Length of a Curve	487
35 Delicate Limits and Gross Behavior	493
35.1 Functions and Infinity	493
35.2 L'Hôpital's Rule	496
35.3 Orders of Magnitude	502
36 The Weierstrass Approximation Theorem	509
36.1 The Binomial Expansion	510
36.2 The Law of Large Numbers	513
36.3 The Modulus of Continuity	516
36.4 The Bernstein Polynomials	517
36.5 Accuracy and Convergence	521
36.6 Unanswered Questions	522
37 The Taylor Polynomial	525
37.1 A Quadratic Approximation	525
37.2 Taylor's Representation of a Polynomial	526
37.3 The Taylor Polynomial for a General Function	528
37.4 The Error of the Taylor Polynomial	530
37.5 Another Point of View	534
37.6 Accuracy and Convergence	535
37.7 Unanswered Questions	538
37.8 Some History of Taylor Polynomials	539
38 Polynomial Interpolation	543
38.1 Existence and Uniqueness	544
38.2 The Error of a Polynomial Interpolant	548
38.3 Accuracy and Convergence	550
38.4 A Piecewise Polynomial Interpolant	553
38.5 Unanswered Questions	555
39 Nonlinear Differential Equations	559
39.1 A Warning	566
40 The Picard Iteration	569
40.1 Operators and Spaces of Functions	570
40.2 A Fixed Point Problem for a Differential Equation	571
40.3 The Banach Contraction Mapping Principle	573

40.4 Picard's Iteration	575
40.5 Unanswered Questions	578
41 The Forward Euler Method	583
41.1 The Forward Euler Method	583
41.2 Equicontinuity and Arzela's Theorem	586
41.3 Convergence of Euler's Method	592
41.4 Uniqueness and Continuous Dependence on Initial Data	596
41.5 More on the Convergence of Euler's Method	598
41.6 Unanswered Questions	599
A Conclusion or an Introduction?	605
References	607
Index	609